

THE BRITISH COLONIST.

Vol. 2.

Victoria, Friday Morning, September 16, 1859

No. 42.

THE BRITISH COLONIST.

PUBLISHED EVERY

MONDAY, WEDNESDAY, and FRIDAY

MORNING,

VICTORIA, V. I.

A. DE COSMOS,.....Proprietor.

TERMS:

Per Annum, in advance, by Mail, \$10 00
For Six Months, 6 00.
Per Week, payable to the Carrier, 3 75.
Single Copies, 12 1/2

Advertisements inserted on the most reasonable terms.

Advertisements must be handed in before seven o'clock on the day previous to publication to insure insertion.

THOS. BOYCE, N. E. corner Montgomery and Washington streets, San Francisco, is authorized to receive and receipt for subscriptions and advertisements in California.

Agents, British Columbia.

D. W. Higgins,.....Fort Yale.
Seth T. Tilley,.....Fort Hope.
W. Winnard,.....Port Langley.
Franklyn, McDonald & Co., Port Douglas.
T.J. King,.....New Westminster.

WHO GAINS BY THE TREATY OF VIL- LAFRANCA.

The new treaty takes its name as above from the place where the Emperors of France and Austria met, and, amongst the many memorable treaties of which European history boasts, this will long be remembered as one of the most memorable—memorable for small results from great sacrifices, for a useless waste of life and treasure to attain an end that could have been reached without loss. The sole changes affected by this campaign, in which France has sacrificed a year's revenue of the State and 50,000 lives, are these: that Austria cedes Lombardy to France, who hands it over to Sardinia; that Francis Joseph retains the celebrated "equilateral of fortresses," as also Venice; and the dukes are forced back again upon the smaller States, Modena and Parma. You thus see that there has been very "much ado about nothing." There is to be, it is true, a nominal confederation of the Italian States, with the Pope as honorary head. But with the overwhelming influence left in the hands of Austria, this confederation is a perfect mockery. Francis Joseph retains the key of Italy. The Pope with his infamous misrule, is not merely confirmed in his bad eminence, but he is exalted, and with the aid of the Concordat acceded to by Austria, the baneful influence of the Jesuits will to a certainty be further extended in Italy. The claims of Sicily have been disregarded. No guarantee that Naples will govern more in accordance with the requirements of a civilized age. Victor Emanuel was not even consulted on the terms of the treaty, and received what may be called marked disrespect, for he has to accept the province he so largely aided to win as a gift from his wily assistant, whilst he is reminded, in the proclamation issued by Napoleon to the French army, that "he will owe to them his independence." Besides, of what great value will Lombardy be to Victor Emanuel under this condition of affairs? Austria completely commands it by her retention of the fortresses along the line of the Mincio. If the Sardinian Monarch has any thoughts of rendering his acquisition secure he must construct an "equilateral" on the Lombard side of the river; and, to effect this, heavy burdens must be imposed upon his already overtaxed and impoverished subjects—burdens that will press even more unduly upon the unfortunate Lombards. He must keep aloof an army out of all proportion to the resources of a kingdom like Piedmont. It is not even certain that he will be allowed

to restore to his subjects the modicum of constitutional government they enjoyed previous to the outbreak of the war. Truly Victor Emanuel has been gifted with a "white elephant." Truly, too, Austria has profited most by the storm. And again, truly, Louis Napoleon is the most insatiable of despots—ancient or modern. France gains not an inch of territory—nothing, in fact, save *le gloire*, for which she has sacrificed liberty, social advancement and material prosperity.—*Bulletin.*

IRELAND.

The anniversary of the Boyne, like the commemoration of Waterloo, is likely before long to be only recollected as among the things that were. This year the Orangemen implicitly obeyed the advice of their chiefs, and from no quarter as yet is there an account of any display calculated to excite the ire of their neighbors wearing the green. In Belfast, formerly the grand battle ground of the contending factions, the *Banner of Ulster* says:—

"The 12th of July—once a day of noisy and wreckless rejoicing on one side—of bitterness and heart-burning on the other—of dread to those who wished to live in peace with their neighbors—and so often the occasion when unbridled passions found vent in turbulence and bloodshed—has this year come and passed away; and, so far as the revival of any of its old characteristics was concerned, the general public of Belfast had few or no indications that it was the anniversary of the Battle of the Boyne at all. Processions there were none—not even among the silly children in the street; no orange arches across suburban thoroughfares; no irritating flags displayed from lodge-room windows; no firing of shots or beating of drums; no assembling of mischievous groups and mobs at corners; very few exhibitions even of orange and purple bouquets in the windows of occasional houses in the ultra-loyal quarters of the town."

M. Louis Napoleon is confessedly a fatalist—that is, a man that believes he is predestined to accomplish certain things, and who will consequently direct all his energies to the accomplishment of those things; and a correspondent of the London Morning Advertiser says that Louis Napoleon believes he is destined to dethrone our Queen. The correspondent, who is described by our cotemporary as "a clergyman of the Church of England of the highest character," says—

A gentleman residing at Hartford lately told my father that at an agricultural meeting, held at Lord Dacre's some years ago, Louis Napoleon stated that his belief was that he was destined to dethrone Queen Victoria. Whether he expressed his grief that such was his destiny, or how the speech was received, I do not know; but late events make the words significant.

KANSAS.—Kansas has formed a State Constitution, which, if it be accepted by the people of the Territory, will be presented to Congress, at the next session, when Kansas will, no doubt, be admitted into the Union, with one representative and two Senators. She will, no doubt, have the requisite population. Thus this disturbing question will, thanks to the English bill, be settled. The Constitution denies the right of suffrage to negroes, but inhibits slavery.

HENRY HOLBROOK,
Columbia Street, New Westminster, B. C.
COMMISSION MERCHANT.
Forwarding, Customs' and Land Agent.

Has Bonded and Free Storage for Five-Hundred Tons of Merchandise.

On Goods intended for British Columbia and shipped directly to New Westminster a saving on the original cost of 10 per cent will be made. If reshipped at Victoria there will be 10 per cent loss. Aug 19

GUNNY BAGS.
A Few Bales for sale by
JANION & GREEN,
Victoria, Aug. 17 1859.

W. H. OLIVER,
Importe and Wholesale dealer in Fine
English, French, and American
Liquors,
Johnson Street, Victoria, V. I.

WILL have on hand constantly a large and well assorted stock, which he is prepared to offer at the lowest prices. Dealers are invited to give him a call and examine his stock. a28t

NOTICE.

NOW OPEN THE MINER'S RESTAURANT, where the best market affords will be served up at FIFTY CENTS a MEAL, and Board at \$7, \$8 and \$9 per week, payable in advance. Meals at all hours. FRANKIE FAHLE.
August 21-1m Waddington st. near corner Yates.

TO BUILDERS, &c.

JAMES BELL, Johnson street, keeps constantly on hand a full assortment of: Builders' and general HARDWARE, comprising Safe Locks with Night Keys for Front Doors; Safe, Store and Office Locks; Mortice and Rim Locks, with Mineral, Fancy Porcelain and Glass Handles; the most approved Trimmings for Sliding and Folding Parlor Doors; Narrow Locks and Latches for Sash Doors and French Windows; Brass Ship Locks, Bolts, Hinges, Hooks Copper Nails, Tacks, Rivets, Wire, etc.; Nails and Spikes; Carpenters and Miners Tools; Steel ploughs; with a full assortment of Agricultural Implements.

—ALSO—
Cross Cuts Saws from 5 to 10 feet, Pit and Mill Saws; Spear & Jackson's Hand, Pit, and Mill Saw Files, and a full assortment of Hardware generally,

BAR IRON.
An assortment of Bar Iron which having been received direct from England can be sold at a low figure. August 12-1f

LANGLEY BROS.,

Yates Street,

VICTORIA, V. I.

—WHOLESALE AND RETAIL—

DRUGGISTS

—AND DEALERS IN—

Paints, Oils, Window Glass,

VARNISHES,

CAMPHENE, &c., &c.

Orders promptly executed at San Francisco wholesale rates, with addition of importing charges.

C. & A. J. LANGLEY,

Wholesale Dealers in

DRUGS, CHEMICALS, PERFUMERY

PATENT MEDICINES, &c., &c.

Commercial Street,
3631 SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

VICTORIA VALUE OF BRITISH AND FOREIGN COINS.

JUST ISSUED, a correct list of the coin in circulation, with the current value as affixed by the Merchants of Victoria. The only correct list is that published at the "British Colonist" office. Single Copies, 25 cents or \$1.50 per dozen.

RECEIVED BY LATE ARRIVALS.

TURKISH ISLAND SALT IN SACKS.

Codfish in cases of cartons.
Prunes in cases of cartons.
Candles in 25 lb. boxes, (English Sperm.)
Sheet Iron in bundles, Nos. 16, 17, 18, 25, 26, and 27.
Cocon Matting, bordered Coco mats.
Blankets in bales, Gentian, scarlet and grey colors.
Salmon & Herring Twine, Codfish hooks, assorted.
Salmon and Herring Pickled, Canned, Calicoed Jelly, Regatta Shirts, Serge Drawers, Pantaloons in cases Sherry Wine in quarter cases, Claret Wine in cases; Quicksilver in flasks.
Superfine Flour, in quarter sacks, Pacific Mills, San Francisco.
Lime Juice in cases containing 1 doz.
Bookers Bitters, in cases.
Ale and Porter in cases, Marzett's brand.
Ale and Porter in cases, Hibbert's brand.
An assortment of English Pickles, Potted Meats, Jam, and Jellies, Anchovies, Calicoed Jelly, Sausages, &c., put up by Batty & Co., London.
For sale by S. MUEL PRICE & CO.
Corner Wharf and Johnston streets.
Victoria, V. I. 14th June, 1859. 614-1f

Desirable Farm and Stock for Sale, on account of Proprietor leaving the Colony.

THE FARM OF STOWE,—Containing 200 ACRES, more or less,—situated at Rocky Point about 11 miles by water from Victoria Harbor, together with cottages, American and Durham Cows and Calves, Horses, Mares, Pigs, Poultry, Crops in the ground, and all the farming tools and other utensils. For further particulars, apply to JOHN COPLAND, Law Chambers, Yates st. next to Langley's Drug store.

REDUCTION IN LIGHTING FROM ESQUIMALT.

I AM PREPARED to convey Merchandise from Esquimalt to Victoria at the rate of \$ per Ton, and as I shall have schooners waiting arrival of every day, the goods will be no delay; goods shall be properly attended to. J. JONES.
14-12-1m1m.

Bank of British North America.

ESTABLISHED IN 1836.

Incorporated by Royal Charter in 1840.

CAPITAL £1,000,000

Court of Directors:

HENRY BARNWELL, Esq., JOHN BLOOMER, Esq.,
THOMAS H. BROOKING, Esq., OLIVER FAIRER, Esq.,
ROBERT CARTER, Esq., ALEX. GILLESPIE, Esq.,
WILLIAM CHAPMAN, Esq., SIR A. PELLER, Esq.,
WILLIAM R. CHAPMAN, Esq., FRANCIS LE BRETTON, Esq.,
JAMES JOHN CUMMINS, Esq., JOHN RANKING, Esq.,

Secretary:

CHARLES M'NAB, Esq.

Bankers:

THE BANK OF ENGLAND,
Messrs. GLYN, MILLS, & CO.

Establishments in the Colonies.

GENERAL MANAGER, THOMAS PATON, Esq.

QUEBEC, Canada, DUNDAS, Canada,
MONTREAL, do BRANTFORD, do
OTTAWA, do
KINGSTON, do ST. JOHN, New Brunswick,
TORONTO, do HALIFAX, Nova Scotia, and
HAMILTON, do VICTORIA, V. I.

Agents in New York:

Messrs. R. C. FERGUSON, F. H. GRAIN, & C. F. SMITH
29, William Street.

VICTORIA BRANCH.

TEMPORARY OFFICES, GOVERNMENT STREET,
Opposite the Treasury.

Gold Dust and Bills of Exchange Purchased.

DRAFTS ISSUED ON

LONDON,

NEW YORK,

SAN FRANCISCO,

CANADA,

NEW BRUNSWICK,

NOVA SCOTIA, and

On the Branches of the PROVINCIAL BANK OF IRELAND, and the NATIONAL BANK OF SCOTLAND.

Office hours—10 a. m., to 3 p. m.

July 11f F. W. WOOD, Manager.

NOTICE.

THE UNDESIGNED have this day entered into Partnership under the style of JANION & GREEN, for the transaction of the General Commission business at Victoria, Vancouver's Island, hitherto carried on by Robert C. Janion. R. C. JANION,
W. L. GREEN.

REMOVAL.

MR. JOHN COPLAND'S LAW CHAMBERS, to his new building, next door to Langley's Drug Store, Yates street—
July 29-3m*

TO LET.

A LOT 30 feet front, on the West side of Government street near the Post Office,—well situated for business. British Colonist Office
aug8

COLONIAL HOTEL & RESTAURANT.

Government street, nearly opposite the Post Office.

THE PROPRIETORS OF THE COLONIAL Restaurant having purchased the adjoining building, hitherto known as the Metropolitan Hotel will hereafter carry on both under the above title.

227 Private Rooms and Saloons. A. DE COSMOS
Also—Two BILLIARD TABLES in a neatly furnished Saloon.

FARM FOR SALE.

ABOUT FOUR MILES FROM TOWN, on Cedar Hill Plains, fronting on Cardovoy Bay, and joining James Todd and Scott's land, a valuable Farm, containing 110 acres, mostly prairie, having excellent water, and some superior Oak timber. There is a house upon the Farm, and part of the land is under cultivation.

For further particulars, inquire of MACDONALD & CO.,
Victoria, July 1, 1859. Yates Street.

C. J. PIDWELL & CO., FURNITURE DEALERS.

South-east corner Yates and Douglas sts.,

HAVE JUST RECEIVED A LARGE Invoice of assorted Furniture of the latest fashions, consisting in part of Common, Dining, Rooking and Library Chairs; Bedsteads, Bedding, Bed-room Sets, Sofas, Centre-Tables, Ladies' Work-Tables, &c., &c., all of which will be sold at the LOWEST CASH PRICES. Jc1-1m

WILLIAM ZELNER,

Government street, between Yates and Johnson sts.,

IS CONSTANTLY IN RECEIPT OF FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRUGS, CHEMICALS, PERFUMERY, FANCY AND TOILET ARTICLES.

A full supply of all the PATENT MEDICINES. Orders from the Interior filled with dispatch, and at the lowest market prices.

Particular attention paid to the Prescription Department. WM. ZELNER,
Druggist and Apothecary.
my20-1f

RICE.

TWELVE Hundred Bags East and Rice, re-packed for this market in small bags, sale by JANION & GREEN
Victoria, Aug. 16, 1859.

MAGISTRATES VS. COUNTY COURTS FOR BRITISH COLUMBIA.

A movement is afoot to establish County Courts in British Columbia,—and as a natural consequence an itinerant County Judge, with fees for services. In the present state of that colony, we do not deem it advisable to establish any such Court. Hereafter when the colony is more densely populated it may be very proper. At present all civil suits may be promptly and satisfactorily determined by passing a Magistrate's Act; and by keeping the Chief Justice in the colony, where he ought to be, to hear cases beyond the jurisdiction of Magistrates' Courts. County Court or no county Court,—for the preservation of the peace, magistrates must be made in every settlement at such distances apart as will suit the convenience of the public. All, then, that is required, is to give them jurisdiction in civil suits as high as from £50 to £100. Let the plaintiff and defendant, or either, have the right to demand trial by a jury of five to twelve. By this means the Magistrates would be released from all responsibility as to questions of fact; and litigants would be better satisfied. Considering the whole circumstances, no appeal should be allowed except on a point of law,—but new trials on questions of fact granted. All questions relating to the settlement of land titles, should originate in the Supreme Court as now, and the magistrates be confined to the collection of debts, settlement of titles to miners' claims, and the preservation of the peace. As regards mining claims possibly some advantage might be derived by allowing appeals on both law and fact. The costs for hearing suits should be trifling. No stipendiary magistrates should be allowed. In addition the plaintiff should have the privilege of entering suit in the Supreme Court, which has both appellate and original jurisdiction. With the Supreme Court holding a session every three months in each district or county seat, and the extended jurisdiction of magistrates, the business of the country may be done to the satisfaction of the public. But if a County Court is introduced, additional expenses will be added to the country, with many disadvantages both political and pecuniary. If it is established it will necessarily be a Court of Record, and entail the additional expense of a clerk or registrar, whilst the magistrate could keep the record of his court himself, as is done in other British Provinces. But if County courts are established, what will there be to do for the Supreme Court, with a judge and registrar at a cost to the country of £1,500 and over a year? Are they to sit about and do nothing, but live in another colony, and spend money for which no *quid pro quo* will ever be given to the state? Economy, common sense, and common honesty, point distinctly to making the Supreme Court perform something for the expense it costs the country. £1,500 a year is not picked up every day in British Columbia, in the Custom House or by other means to be thrown away without a return. The anomalous condition of that colony does not warrant the establishment of more courts than the two we have named. By and by when it becomes thickly populated, other courts may be originated with advantage. Then the country may afford to support a purely appellate court, with inferior courts with both appellate and original jurisdiction. By county courts the costs on suits will be doubled,—simply by having a judge and registrar. This would be avoided by magistrates. Besides the ap-

pointment of magistrates have advantages which should not be lost sight of, in view of the political progress and settlement of the country. It is calculated to avoid stipends; give more business to the magistrates to make it an object to remain permanently; and it is a cheaper and more summary mode of collecting small debts. For a county court would only visit a locality once a month at most,—and the magistrates' court could hear the case within three or four days. The certainty of the collection of debts would be far greater; and to secure the creditor is the first object. Besides the country would be treated as though "Britons, in British Columbia, were not slaves," to be ruled by a few arbitrary absentees. And there would be created a class of men in the country who would take a deeper interest in its prosperity; a class of men whose practical common sense in adjudication, would produce contentment among the people; and lay a sure foundation on which to erect representative institutions, and secure the blessings of the British constitution.

CANDIDATES FOR ASSEMBLY.—With the expectation that an election will take place soon, some parties have already commenced canvassing. We therefore take occasion to *warn the Electors not to give any pledge to any candidate of any party*, until they announce publicly the principles for which they intend to contend, and for which they ask their suffrages. No man except he is wholly identified with the interests and prosperity of this colony should be countenanced for one moment. No one holding any office in British Columbia, though resident here should receive a vote. Besides salaried officials should be entirely excluded from a seat in the Assembly, till such time as the principle of re-election on accepting office is introduced into the country. We want to see men seated there who support themselves by their professions, trades, or callings; and not by government fees or salaries. We want no plurality office-seekers there; but in their stead independent citizens,—practical men—men who will work—and not those who accept office for the limited honors of a representative, or with the view of securing the loaves and fishes. In short we want men there who know no interest but the public welfare; who seek no gain but the common good of the whole country.

From a careful perusal of Canadian papers, the charge of abduction in the case of Miss Starr, cannot be sustained. Had she been under 21 years of age, it would have been abduction for any party to aid in taking her away from the protection of her father, without his consent. But as her father in his letter says that she was a devout Catholic, and of age to choose for herself, the fact of her leaving a letter stating her intention to enter a convent, entirely sets the question of abduction at rest. Besides from published accounts it appears she had expressed a strong desire to return to France to enter a Carmelite Nunnery, on account of its strict discipline. This she made known to the Superior of the Toledo Convent, who was at Montreal, and desired to go there till such time as she could return to France,—to which the Superior consented. Much sympathy is due to her parents; but that should not intervene to form an opinion contrary to facts.

MASONIC.—At the recent session of the Grand Lodge of Washington Territory, the following officers were elected for the ensuing Masonic year:

James Biles, Grand Master; James A. Grahame, Deputy Grand Master; W. G. Wood, Senior Grand Warden; H. K. White, Junior Grand Warden; T. M. Reed, Grand Secretary; Benjamin Harned, Grand Treasurer.

POLICE UNPAID.—We have a large police force in this town for a place of its size. But the policemen receive but a very small sum per month. We should have said, are *promised* but a very small sum, for they have not received a dime for the months of July, August or September! How in the name of fortune can we expect men to be honest, and attend properly to their duties, except they are paid, and paid promptly. Just imagine \$30 a month, and wait three months for that!

FROM FRASER.—The *Eliza Anderson*, arrived on Wednesday from New Westminster, with Ballon's express and \$10,000 in treasure.

News from Alexander is discouraging, miners are returning. There is quite a demand for goods at the principal points on the river. The river is falling fast.

New Arrivals.—Sugar, Silk, Tea, Flour, Water, S. Price & Co.; John Wright, Architect, Victoria; Tallor and Draper, next Apothecaries Hall, A. J. Brunn.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

JUST RECEIVED

AND NOW LANDING, EX BARK "SEA Nymph" from Hongkong:
400 units No 1 China sugar;
100 chests fine Black Tea;
82 bags No 1 Manila Coffee;
40 Batten Chairs;
100 Bamboo Extension Chairs;
75 coils Manila Cordage, assorted sizes;
30 cases Chinese Preserves, assorted;
2 cases Chinese Fire Crackers;
1 case of Silk Goods, containing an elegant assortment of Shawls; Scarfs and Handkerchiefs.
For sale by SAMUEL PRICE & CO.
se16-1m corner Wharf and Johnson streets.

FOR SALE, IN STORE.

EX SCHIR. KOSSUTH, from OREGON,
500 quarter sacks Oregon FLOUR, branded "O. C. M., Extra."
SAMUEL PRICE & CO.
Victoria, 15th Sept. 1859. se15-1m

WATER! WATER!!

WE ARE PREPARED TO FURNISH
Vessels with Water, in this Harbor or at Esquimalt, at the shortest notice.
Orders left at our office will be promptly attended to.
se16-1m SAMUEL PRICE & CO.

The Latest Fashion for Gents Garments

15 GOOD GOODS

GOOD WORKMANSHIP.

A. J. BRUNN, TAILOR AND DRAPER,
Yates street, next to Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express office.
Particular attention will be given to repairing and altering old-fashion Clothing. se16-1f

JOHN WRIGHT.

ARCHITECT.

Yates Street Victoria.

Is prepared to furnish Designs for all kinds of Public and Private buildings.
22-3 Superintendence, Valuation and Measurement of the different descriptions of Mechanical work connected with building. aug17-1f

Royal Hotel,

WHARF STREET, VICTORIA.

BOARD, per Week, - - - \$7 to \$8 00
BOARD AND LODGING, per Week, - \$10 00
Wines, Ales and Liquors of the best description,
Private Rooms for Families.
The Restaurant under the entire management of Mrs. DUNLEAVY.

25-6 A large HALL suitable for Balls or Public Meetings.
se14-1m JAMES WILCOX, Proprietor.

Agents for the Liverpool Underwriters Association.

THE UNDERSIGNED BEG LEAVE TO
notify Merchants, Ship Owners and Ship Masters, that they have received the appointment as Agent at Victoria, Vancouver's Island, for the Liverpool Underwriters Association.
JANION & GIBSON
Victoria, Sept. 12th, 1859. se14

EX STEAMERS

"JONATHAN," "FORWOOD," and "NORTHERNER,"

The Largest and Finest Assortment

—OF—

CIGARS,

EVER OFFERED IN THIS MARKET.

For Sale Low, at

ADOLPH SUTRO & Co.,

se12-1w Corner Yates and Wharf streets.

BRITISH SOVEREIGNS taken as Five Dollars, in exchange for goods, at PHELPS'S Grocery Store, corner of Yates and Government streets. se23-1m

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

DAVIS & HOWARD.

WE THE UNDERSIGNED ENTERED
into partnership on July 14th, 1859, as General Merchants, at Esquimalt, J. DAVIS, J. T. HOWARD.
se14-2w

WANTED,

A YOUNG MAN conversant with Book-keeping and general Mercantile business. To one who will make himself useful a permanent situation can be had. Reference as to character and terms required. Apply by letter to "A. B." British Colonist Office, Victoria. se12-3f

INFORMATION WANTED

OF PATRICK KELLEY, aged 23 years, formerly of Fiddletown. He left California a year ago for Fraser river. Address to HIBBEN & CARSWELL, Victoria. se12-1f

FOR SALE.

A NEW Colt's Revolving Rifle, with the latest improvements—case and fixtures, at the se12-1m COLONIAL HOTEL.

PRIVATE BOARDING.

A FEW GENTLEMEN can be accommodated with Private Board at the late residence of Mrs. Hancock, on View street, one door from Broad street. N. B.—Rooms to Let, Furnished or Unfurnished. Sept 9-1m

FOR SALE.

THE UNDERSIGNED offer FOR SALE
Martell's Brandy, Dark and Pale, in half Pipes, Booth's Genuine Old Scotch in Funcheons, Swaine, Bourd & Co's Old Tom, do McKenzie & Co's do Stewart's Scotch Whisky, do Holland Gin, "St. Nicholas" brand," in Pipes, Irish Whiskey, in Barrels, Allsopp's Burton Ale, in Bulk
—ALSO—

London Ale and Porter, in Glass 4 and 7 dozen Packages.
H. Brett & Co's Ginger Brandy, in cases; Worthington's and Swaine, Bourd & Co's Old Tom in cases.

Wolfe's and Volner's Schnapps, in cases, Claret Wine, in Cases, Orange and every description of Bitters.

And Daily Expected to Arrive Per Ship "Jeannette," New Duc.

104 bbls. of the finest Burton and Scotch Ales, Younger & Son's Celebrated 3rd Ale, Claret, in bbls, half bbls, cases, &c., &c.

And a variety of goods suitable to the trade. THOS. PATRICK & CO., Johnson st., near Government, and at New Westminster, B. C.

se15-1w

NEW GOODS,

Received Ex Steamer Forwood.

A Large and Beautiful Collection

—OF—

BOOKS;

And a

GENERAL ASSORTMENT

—OF—

STATIONERY,

—AT—

Hibben & Carswell's,

STATIONER'S HALL,

YATES STREET.

EVERY VARIETY OF

WRITING PAPERS,

AND MATERIALS REQUIRED,

Can now be had at

HIBBEN & CARSWELL'S.

FINE

POCKET CUTLERY,

In Variety of Styles.

GOLD PENS,

Of Superior Manufacture, at

STATIONER'S HALL.

FANCY STATIONERY,

Comprising Handsome Inkstands, Metallic Memos, Racks, Files, Clips, Paper Weights, Drawing Instruments, Water Colors, Rulers, Fancy Notes and Envelopes, &c., &c., &c., at

STATIONER'S HALL.

BLANK BOOKS,

Large and Small, Full and Half Bound, from the Large Counting House Size to the Miniature and Pocket Form.

Particular attention is invited to the handsome addition to their Stock of

STANDARD AND MISCELLANEOUS BOUND BOOKS.

HIBBEN & CARSWELL.

STATIONER'S HALL,

YATES STREET

aug26

